

AUM Student Health Services

Immunization Record

Patient Name: James Steve Richardson

Birthdate: 1/21/66

Allergies/Medical Alert: NKMA

Immunization	Date	Site	Dose	MFR	Comments	Visit Date	Initials
Tdap							
Td Booster							
MMR							
HEP A							
HEP B	1/7/19 2/22/19 8/5/19	RD LD LD	1.0	GSK		7/16 7/16	AM AM
Other							

#3

LOT: 9N2S9
EXP: 12/04/21


 Hepatitis B
Vaccine
(Recombinant)
 ENGERIX-B® 20 mcg/mL
 Mfg by
GlaxoSmithKline
Biologicals

Tuberculin Testing PPD (MANTOUX) 0.1 ml ID	Date Given:	Date Read:	Results:	MFR	Comments	Initials

Initials	Signature	Initials	Signature
BM			

AUBURN UNIVERSITY MONTGOMERY
 STUDENT HEALTH CENTER
 IRMA B. MOORE HALL RM. 102
 P.O. BOX 244023
 MONTGOMERY, AL 36124-4023

STAMP ABOVE

Screening Checklist for Contraindications to Vaccines for Adults

PATIENT NAME Steve Richardson

DATE OF BIRTH 01 / 21 / 66
month day year

For patients: The following questions will help us determine which vaccines you may be given today. If you answer "yes" to any question, it does not necessarily mean you should not be vaccinated. It just means additional questions must be asked. If a question is not clear, please ask your healthcare provider to explain it.

	yes	no	don't know
1. Are you sick today?	☐	☒	☐
2. Do you have allergies to medications, food, a vaccine component, or latex?	☐	☒	☐
3. Have you ever had a serious reaction after receiving a vaccination?	☐	☒	☐
4. Do you have a long-term health problem with heart, lung, kidney, or metabolic disease (e.g., diabetes), asthma, a blood disorder, no spleen, complement component deficiency, a cochlear implant, or a spinal fluid leak? Are you on long-term aspirin therapy?	☒	☐	☐
5. Do you, or does a close family member, have cancer, leukemia, HIV/AIDS, or any other immune system problem?	☐	☒	☐
6. In the past 3 months, have you taken medications that affect your immune system, such as prednisone, other steroids, or anticancer drugs; drugs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, or psoriasis; or have you had radiation treatments?	☐	☒	☐
7. Have you had a seizure or a brain or other nervous system problem?	☐	☒	☐
8. During the past year, have you received a transfusion of blood or blood products, or been given immune (gamma) globulin or an antiviral drug?	☐	☒	☐
9. For women: Are you pregnant or is there a chance you could become pregnant during the next month?	☐	☐	☐
10. Have you received any vaccinations in the past 4 weeks?	☐	☒	☐

FORM COMPLETED BY

Steve Richardson
Agon

DATE

08/05/19
8/5/19

FORM REVIEWED BY

DATE

Did you bring your immunization record card with you?

yes ☐ no ☒

It is important for you to have a personal record of your vaccinations. If you don't have a personal record, ask your healthcare provider to give you one. Keep this record in a safe place and bring it with you every time you seek medical care. Make sure your healthcare provider records all your vaccinations on it.

AUM Student Health Center
Vaccine Consent and Administration Record

Patient Information: Last Name Richardson First Name James Date of Birth 01/21/67
Address: 232 Lakeshore Dr.
Phone: 334-312-0864 Primary Care Provider Dr. Muzikamala

Screening Questions:	Yes	No	Don't Know
1) Are you sick today? (cold, fever, acute illness)	☐	☒	☐
2) Do you have allergies to any foods, medications or latex? (For example: eggs, gelatin, neomycin, thimerosal.) List _____	☐	☒	☐
3) Do you take anticoagulation medicine? (Ex: warfarin, Coumadin or other blood thinners).	☐	☒	☐
4) Do you have any long-term health problems with heart disease, lung disease, asthma, kidney disease, metabolic disease (e.g. diabetes), anemia, or other blood disorders?	☐	☒	☐
5) Have you had a seizure, brain or other nervous system problem? (Ex: Guillain-Barre syndrome?)	☐	☒	☐
6) For women: Are you pregnant or nursing? Could you become pregnant in during the next month?	☐	☐	☐

Consent for Services: I have been provided with the Vaccine Information Sheet corresponding to the vaccine that I am receiving. I have read or have had explained the information provided about the vaccine I am to receive. I have had the chance to ask questions that were answered to my satisfaction. I understand the benefits and risks of vaccination and I voluntarily assume full responsibility for any reactions that may result. I request that the vaccine be given to me or the person named above for whom I am authorized to make this request,

Signature [Signature] Date 01/07/19

Administration Date 1/7/19 Route: IM LD or RD Volume: 0.5cc

Administrator [Signature] VIS Date 8/7/2015

Manufacturer: GSK Fluarix® Quadrivalent Lot # 5T943 Expires 06/30/19





Auburn University Montgomery

Student Health Services

Hepatitis B Reminder

Date: 7/3/19

Dear Mr. Richardson.

Your third Hepatitis B vaccination is due on July 8, 2019.
It is important that you continue your series within the recommended schedule to obtain the maximum effect from your vaccination.

In order to achieve maximum benefits, you should receive your vaccine no later than
July 22, 2019.

If you have received this immunization elsewhere, please submit a copy for our records.
If you wish to continue the series at the AUM Nursing Care Center, contact our clinic at 244-3281 to set up an appointment at your earliest convenience.

Thank you for allowing us to participate in the protection of your good health.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads 'Amy Morris'.

Amy Morris, BSN, RN-BC

Hepatitis B Reminder

Date: 2/8/19

Dear Mr. Richardson.

Your second Hepatitis B vaccination is due ~~on~~ now.
It is important that you continue your series within the recommended schedule to obtain the maximum effect from your vaccination.

In order to achieve maximum benefits, you should receive your vaccine no later than
Feb. 21, 2019.

If you have received this immunization elsewhere, please notify us, so that we will take you off our reminder list.

If you wish to continue this immunization with the AUM Student Health Center, please call the clinic to schedule an appointment as soon as possible at 244-3281 to continue receiving your immunization as scheduled.

Thank you for allowing us to participate in the protection of your good health.

Sincerely, 

Amy Morris, BSN, RN-BC
AUM-Student Health Services

Screening Checklist for Contraindications to Vaccines for Adults

PATIENT NAME _____

DATE OF BIRTH _____ / _____ / _____
month day year

For patients: The following questions will help us determine which vaccines you may be given today. If you answer "yes" to any question, it does not necessarily mean you should not be vaccinated. It just means additional questions must be asked. If a question is not clear, please ask your healthcare provider to explain it.

	yes	no	don't know
1. Are you sick today?	☐	☒	☐
2. Do you have allergies to medications, food, a vaccine component, or latex?	☐	☒	☐
3. Have you ever had a serious reaction after receiving a vaccination?	☐	☒	☐
4. Do you have a long-term health problem with heart disease, lung disease, asthma, kidney disease, metabolic disease (e.g., diabetes), anemia, or other blood disorder?	☐	☒	☐
5. Do you have cancer, leukemia, HIV/AIDS, or any other immune system problem?	☐	☒	☐
6. In the past 3 months, have you taken medications that affect your immune system, such as prednisone, other steroids, or anticancer drugs; drugs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, or psoriasis; or have you had radiation treatments?	☐	☒	☐
7. Have you had a seizure or a brain or other nervous system problem?	☐	☒	☐
8. During the past year, have you received a transfusion of blood or blood products, or been given immune (gamma) globulin or an antiviral drug?	☐	☒	☐
9. For women: Are you pregnant or is there a chance you could become pregnant during the next month?	☐	☐	☐
10. Have you received any vaccinations in the past 4 weeks?	☐	☒	☐

FORM COMPLETED BY _____

DATE _____

FORM REVIEWED BY _____

DATE _____

Did you bring your immunization record card with you?

yes ☐ no ☐

It is important for you to have a personal record of your vaccinations. If you don't have a personal record, ask your healthcare provider to give you one. Keep this record in a safe place and bring it with you every time you seek medical care. Make sure your healthcare provider records all your vaccinations on it.

Information for Healthcare Professionals about the Screening Checklist for Contraindications to Vaccines for Adults

Are you interested in knowing why we included a certain question on the screening checklist? If so, read the information below. If you want to find out even more, consult the references listed at the end.

1. Are you sick today? [all vaccines]

There is no evidence that acute illness reduces vaccine efficacy or increases vaccine adverse events.¹ However, as a precaution with moderate or severe acute illness, all vaccines should be delayed until the illness has improved. Mild illnesses (such as upper respiratory infections or diarrhea) are NOT contraindications to vaccination. Do not withhold vaccination if a person is taking antibiotics.

2. Do you have allergies to medications, food, a vaccine component, or latex? [all vaccines]

An anaphylactic reaction to latex is a contraindication to vaccines that contain latex as a component or as part of the packaging (e.g., vial stoppers, prefilled syringe plungers, prefilled syringe caps). If a person has anaphylaxis after eating gelatin, do not administer vaccines containing gelatin. A local reaction to a prior vaccine dose or vaccine component, including latex, is not a contraindication to a subsequent dose or vaccine containing that component. For information on vaccines supplied in vials or syringes containing latex, see reference 2; for an extensive list of vaccine components, see reference 3.

People with egg allergy of any severity can receive any recommended influenza vaccine (i.e., any IIV or RIV) that is otherwise appropriate for the patient's age. For people with a history of severe allergic reaction to egg involving any symptom other than hives (e.g., angioedema, respiratory distress), or who required epinephrine or another emergency medical intervention, the vaccine should be administered in a medical setting, such as a clinic, health department, or physician office. Vaccine administration should be supervised by a healthcare provider who is able to recognize and manage severe allergic conditions.⁴

3. Have you ever had a serious reaction after receiving a vaccination? [all vaccines]

History of anaphylactic reaction (see question 2) to a previous dose of vaccine or vaccine component is a contraindication for subsequent doses.¹ Under normal circumstances, vaccines are deferred when a precaution is present. However, situations may arise when the benefit outweighs the risk (e.g., during a community pertussis outbreak).

4. Do you have a long-term health problem with heart disease, lung disease, asthma, kidney disease, metabolic disease (e.g., diabetes), anemia, or other blood disorder? [MMR, LAIV]

A history of thrombocytopenia or thrombocytopenic purpura is a precaution to MMR vaccine. The safety of intranasal live attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV) in people with these conditions has not been established. These conditions, including asthma in adults, should be considered precautions for the use of LAIV.

5. Do you have cancer, leukemia, HIV/AIDS, or any other immune system problem? [LAIV, MMR, VAR, ZOS]

Live virus vaccines (e.g., LAIV, measles-mumps-rubella [MMR], varicella [VAR], zoster [ZOS]) are usually contraindicated in immunocompromised people. However, there are exceptions. For example, MMR vaccine is recommended and varicella vaccine should be considered for adults with CD4+ T-lymphocyte counts of greater than or equal to 200 cells/ μ L. Immunosuppressed people should not receive LAIV. For details, consult the ACIP recommendations.^{4,5,6}

6. In the past 3 months, have you taken medications that affect your immune system, such as cortisone, prednisone, other steroids, or anticancer drugs; drugs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, or psoriasis; or have you had radiation treatments? [LAIV, MMR, VAR, ZOS]

Live virus vaccines (e.g., LAIV, MMR, VAR, ZOS) should be postponed until after chemotherapy or long-term high-dose steroid therapy has ended. For details and length of time to postpone, consult the ACIP statement.^{1,5} Some immune mediator and immune modulator drugs (especially the antitumor-necrosis factor agents adalimumab, infliximab, and etanercept) may be immunosuppressive. The use of live vaccines should be avoided in persons taking these drugs (MMWR 2011;60 [RR-2]:23). To find specific vaccination schedules for stem cell transplant (bone marrow transplant) patients, see reference 7. LAIV can be given only to healthy non-pregnant people ages 2 through 49 years.

NOTE: Live attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV4; FluMist), is not recommended by CDC's Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices for use in the U.S. during the 2017-18 influenza season.

7. Have you had a seizure or a brain or other nervous system problem? [influenza, Td/Tdap]

Tdap is contraindicated in people who have a history of encephalopathy within 7 days following DTP/DTaP given before age 7 years. An unstable progressive neurologic problem is a precaution to the use of Tdap. For people with stable neurologic disorders (including seizures) unrelated to vaccination, or for people with a family history of seizure, vaccinate as usual. A history of Guillain-Barré syndrome (GBS) is a consideration with the following: 1) Td/Tdap: if GBS has occurred within 6 weeks of a tetanus-containing vaccine and decision is made to continue vaccination, give Tdap instead of Td if no history of prior Tdap; 2) Influenza vaccine (IIV/LAIV): if GBS has occurred within 6 weeks of a prior influenza vaccine, vaccinate with IIV if at increased risk for severe influenza complications.

8. During the past year, have you received a transfusion of blood or blood products, or been given immune (gamma) globulin or an antiviral drug? [LAIV, MMR, VAR, ZOS]

Certain live virus vaccines (e.g., LAIV, MMR, VAR, ZOS) may need to be deferred, depending on several variables. Consult the most current ACIP recommendations for current information on intervals between antiviral drugs, immune globulin or blood product administration and live virus vaccines.¹

9. For women: Are you pregnant or is there a chance you could become pregnant during the next month? [HPV, IPV, MMR, LAIV, VAR, ZOS]

Live virus vaccines (e.g., MMR, VAR, ZOS, LAIV) are contraindicated one month before and during pregnancy because of the theoretical risk of virus transmission to the fetus. Sexually active women in their childbearing years who receive live virus vaccines should be instructed to practice careful contraception for one month following receipt of the vaccine. On theoretical grounds, inactivated poliovirus vaccine should not be given during pregnancy; however, it may be given if risk of exposure is imminent and immediate protection is needed (e.g., travel to endemic areas). Inactivated influenza vaccine and Tdap are both recommended during pregnancy. Both vaccines may be given at any time during pregnancy but the preferred time for Tdap administration is at 27-36 weeks' gestation. HPV vaccine is not recommended during pregnancy.^{1,4,5,6,8,9}

10. Have you received any vaccinations in the past 4 weeks? [LAIV, MMR, VAR, yellow fever, ZOS]

People who were given either LAIV or an injectable live virus vaccine (e.g., MMR, VAR, ZOS, yellow fever) should wait 28 days before receiving another vaccination of this type. Inactivated vaccines may be given at any spacing interval if they are not administered simultaneously.

REFERENCES

1. CDC. General best practice guidelines for immunization. Best Practices Guidance of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/downloads/general-recs.pdf.
2. Latex in Vaccine Packaging: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/pinkbook/downloads/appendices/B/latex-table.pdf.
3. Table of Vaccine Components: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/pinkbook/downloads/appendices/B/exipient-table-2.pdf.
4. CDC. Prevention and control of seasonal influenza with vaccines: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices - United States, 2017-18 Influenza Season at www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/66/rr/pdf/r6602.pdf.
5. CDC. Measles, mumps, and rubella - vaccine use and strategies for elimination of measles, rubella, and congenital rubella syndrome and control of mumps. MMWR 1998; 47 (RR-8).
6. CDC. Prevention of varicella: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices. MMWR 2007; 56 (RR-4).
7. Tonblyn M, Einsele H, et al. Guidelines for preventing infectious complications among hematopoietic stem cell transplant recipients: a global perspective. Biol Blood Marrow Transplant 15:1143-1235; 2009 at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/hemato-cell-transplants.htm.
8. CDC. Notice to readers: Revised ACIP recommendation for avoiding pregnancy after receiving a rubella-containing vaccine. MMWR 2001; 50 (49).
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Screening Checklist for Contraindications to Vaccines for Adults

PATIENT NAME James S. Richardson
DATE OF BIRTH 01 / 21 / 66
month day year

For patients: The following questions will help us determine which vaccines you may be given today. If you answer "yes" to any question, it does not necessarily mean you should not be vaccinated. It just means additional questions must be asked. If a question is not clear, please ask your healthcare provider to explain it.

	yes	no	don't know
1. Are you sick today?	☐	☒	☐
2. Do you have allergies to medications, food, a vaccine component, or latex?	☐	☒	☐
3. Have you ever had a serious reaction after receiving a vaccination?	☐	☒	☐
4. Do you have a long-term health problem with heart disease, lung disease, asthma, kidney disease, metabolic disease (e.g., diabetes), anemia, or other blood disorder?	☐	☒	☐
5. Do you have cancer, leukemia, HIV/AIDS, or any other immune system problem?	☐	☒	☐
6. In the past 3 months, have you taken medications that affect your immune system, such as prednisone, other steroids, or anticancer drugs; drugs for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis, Crohn's disease, or psoriasis; or have you had radiation treatments?	☐	☒	☐
7. Have you had a seizure or a brain or other nervous system problem?	☐	☒	☐
8. During the past year, have you received a transfusion of blood or blood products, or been given immune (gamma) globulin or an antiviral drug?	☐	☒	☐
9. For women: Are you pregnant or is there a chance you could become pregnant during the next month?	☐	☐	☐
10. Have you received any vaccinations in the past 4 weeks?	☐	☒	☐

FORM COMPLETED BY [Signature]

DATE _____

FORM REVIEWED BY [Signature]

DATE 1/21/19

Did you bring your immunization record card with you?

yes ☐ no ☐

It is important for you to have a personal record of your vaccinations. If you don't have a personal record, ask your healthcare provider to give you one. Keep this record in a safe place and bring it with you every time you seek medical care. Make sure your healthcare provider records all your vaccinations on it.

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3. Have you ever had a serious reaction after receiving a vaccination? [all vaccines]

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4. Do you have a long-term health problem with heart disease, lung disease, asthma, kidney disease, metabolic disease (e.g., diabetes), anemia, or other blood disorder? [MMR, LAIV]

A history of thrombocytopenia or thrombocytopenic purpura is a precaution to MMR vaccine. The safety of intranasal live attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV) in people with these conditions has not been established. These conditions, including asthma in adults, should be considered precautions for the use of LAIV.

5. Do you have cancer, leukemia, HIV/AIDS, or any other immune system problem? [LAIV, MMR, VAR, ZOS]

Live virus vaccines (e.g., LAIV, measles-mumps-rubella [MMR], varicella [VAR], zoster [ZOS]) are usually contraindicated in immunocompromised people. However, there are exceptions. For example, MMR vaccine is recommended and varicella vaccine should be considered for adults with CD4+ T-lymphocyte counts of greater than or equal to 200 cells/ μ L. Immunosuppressed people should not receive LAIV. For details, consult the ACIP recommendations.^{4,5,6}

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REFERENCES

1. CDC. General best practice guidelines for immunization. Best Practices Guidance of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/acip-recs/downloads/general-recs.pdf.
2. Latex in Vaccine Packaging: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/pinkbook/downloads/appendices/8/latex-table.pdf.
3. Table of Vaccine Components: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/pinkbook/downloads/appendices/8/exipient-table-2.pdf.
4. CDC. Prevention and control of seasonal influenza with vaccines: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices – United States, 2017–18 Influenza Season at www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/66/rr/pdfs/r6602.pdf.
5. CDC. Measles, mumps, and rubella – vaccine use and strategies for elimination of measles, rubella, and congenital rubella syndrome and control of mumps. MMWR 1998; 47 (RR-8).
6. CDC. Prevention of varicella: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices. MMWR 2007; 56 (RR-4).
7. Tomblin M, Einsele H, et al. Guidelines for preventing infectious complications among hematopoietic stem cell transplant recipients: a global perspective. Biol Blood Marrow Transplant 15:1143–1238; 2009 at www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/hemato-cell-transplants.htm.
8. CDC. Notice to readers: Revised ACIP recommendation for avoiding pregnancy after receiving a rubella-containing vaccine. MMWR 2001; 50 (49).
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